

17226

16172

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
 - (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. **Attempt any TEN :**

20

- (a) What are the advantages of sampling ?
- (b) What is meant by (i) Random Sample and (ii) Biased Sample ?
- (c) State the difference between moisture content and moisture regain.
- (d) Why different textile fibres are having different moisture regain value ?
- (e) How fibre length will affect on yarn quality ?
- (f) What is fibre fineness ?
- (g) State the importance of fibre maturity.
- (h) Define – Denier by giving its formula.
- (i) What is ‘Micronair’ ?
- (j) Draw cross-section of fully mature and immature cotton fibre.

- (k) What is the effect of trash content on spinning ?
- (l) How cotton fibre is Graded by Indian cotton grading method ?
- (m) What is meant by Neps ? Give the causes of Neps formation.
- (n) What is “Span Length” ?

2. Attempt any FOUR :

16

- (a) How Textile fibre is identified by Burning Test ? Explain with example.
- (b) Explain factors which govern the sampling method.
- (c) Explain effect of moisture regain on mechanical property of Textile fibres.
- (d) How fibre length can be measured by oil plate method ?
- (e) Describe principle of fibrograph for fibre length testing.
- (f) How fibre maturity determine by differential dyeing method ?

3. Attempt any FOUR :

16

- (a) Describe various factors which affects on fibre maturity.
- (b) Describe how Air flow principle used for fibre fineness testing.
- (c) Explain Uniformity ratio and Uniformity Index.
- (d) How fibre fineness is determine by Gravimetric method ? Explain.
- (e) Describe measurement of fibre length by hand stapling method.
- (f) Explain – ‘Maturity Ratio’.

4. Attempt any FOUR :**16**

- (a) Describe cotton grading by American cotton grading method.
- (b) Explain : (i) Immaturity Ratio
(ii) Half mature Fibre
- (c) What is meant by Effective length and staple length ? Give relation between them.
- (d) Describe fibre identification by microscopic test.
- (e) How cotton, wool, viscose and polyester can identify in solubility test method ?
- (f) How moisture affects on Textile processing ?

5. Attempt any TWO :**16**

- (a) Describe any four important objectives of Textile Testing.
- (b) Describe procedure to find effective length in comb sorter method. Also explain Analysis of effective length by comb sorter diagram.
- (c) Enlist the various methods to find fibre fineness. And with neat diagram describe construction and working of 'Micronair Tester'.

6. Attempt any TWO :**16**

- (a) Define – Trash, explain the significance of trash. Also explain measurement of trash by using trash analyser (draw diagram).
 - (b) Describe Caustic Soda method for determination of maturity of cotton.
 - (c) (i) A finer fibre can be spun to finer counts than coarse fibre – Give reasons.
(ii) Describe the concept of 'Degree of cell wall thickening'.
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