22331

2 3	2223 Ho	3 ours	/ 70	Marks	Seat	No.								
	Instru	ctions	- (1)	All Question	s are Comp	oulsory	V.							
			(2)	Answer each	next main	Ques	stio	n c	n a	n ne	ew	pag	e.	
			(3)	Illustrate you necessary.	ir answers v	with 1	nea	t sl	cetc	hes	wł	nere	ever	
			(4)	Figures to th	e right ind	icate	full	l m	ark	s.				
			(5)	Assume suitable data, if necessary.										
			(6)	Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.										
			(7)	Mobile Phon Communicati	e, Pager an on devices	d any are n	y o lot	ther per	r El mis	lect sibl	roni le i	ic n		
				Examination	Hall.								Ma	rks
1.		Attem	pt any	FIVE of the	e following									10
	a)	Define	e the te	erm calibration	l.									
	b)	List silent features of PMMC.												
	c)	Define resolution.												
	d)	Give function of delay line in CRO.												
	e)	List the measurements done with the help of CRO. (any four)												
	f)	List ty	ypes of											
		i) /	AC											
		ii) I	DC bric	lges										
	g)	State	differen	t types of sta	ndard.									

2223	1
4455	T

		Ma	rks			
2.		Attempt any THREE of the following:	12			
	a)	Give significance of calibration and tech steps carried out for calibration.				
	b)	State the role of series resistance connected in PMMC movement.				
	c)	Compare analog meter and digital meter. (any four points)				
	d)	Describe with sketch the procedure to measure given unknown inductance value using relevant type of bridge.				
3.		Attempt any THREE of the following:	12			
	a)	With neat sketches give working of given type of ohm-meter.				
	b)	Draw and explain each block of digital voltmeter.				
	c)	With neat sketch explain frequency measurement by CRO.				
	d)	Explain static and dynamic characteristics of instruments.				
4.		Attempt any THREE of the following:	12			
	a)	Convert PMMC movement into DC ammeter of the range 0 to 50 mA.				
	b)	Describe the following terms of voltmeter				
		i) Loading effect				
		ii) Sensitivity				
	c)	Identify the parameter measured by the give instruments.				
		i) LUX meter				
		ii) LCR meter				
		iii) DFM				
		iv) DVM				
		Also list 2 specifications of each meter.				
	d)	Determine value of R_x in Wheston's bridge if $R_1 = 400 \Omega$, $R_2 = 4K\Omega$, $R_3 = 2K\Omega$.				

e) Draw labelled diagram of function generator.

12

5. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following: a) Explain types of errors occurs in instrument. b) Using schering bridge, describe the procedure to measure the unknown value of capacitance. c) Compare dual slope DVM and SAR type DVM. (four points) 6. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following: a) Calculate the value of multiplier resistance on the 50V range of a DC arelymeter that measure a 200 m A meter measure with

- a) Calculate the value of multiplier resistance on the 50V range of a DC voltmeter that uses a $200 \,\mu$ A meter movement with an internal resistance of $100 \,\Omega$.
- b) With sketches give procedure how phase is measured by Lissajous pattern on CRO.
- c) A DC voltmeter use $50\,\mu$ A and having an internal resistance of 400 Ω . Calculate the value of multiplier on ranges.
 - i) 10V
 - ii) 25 V
 - iii) 20V