## 22342

22232
3 Hours / 70 Marks
Seat No. $\square$

Instructions: (1) All Questions are compulsory.
(2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
(3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
(4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
(5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.

## Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE :
(a) State any four objectives of Metrology.
(b) Define Line standard.
(c) State the advantages of interchangeability. (Minimum two)
(d) Draw neat sketch of metric screw thread profile.
(e) State any two applications of V block.
(f) List out the methods used for checking straightness.
(g) Define sampling length.
2. Attempt any THREE :
(a) Differentiate between systematic errors and random errors.
(b) Differentiate between mechanical and pneumatic comparator. (minimum four points)
(c) Describe Selective Fit assembly with suitable example.
(d) Explain working principle of 'Tool Maker's' microscope.
3. Attempt any THREE :
(a) Explain need of inspection in industry.
(b) Define Least Count. Explain the procedure for calculating the least count of the Vernier callipers.
(c) Explain the working principle of mechanical comparator with neat sketch.
(d) Interpret meaning of $35 \mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{f8}$ with respect to fit basis system. State types of fit.
4. Attempt any THREE :
(a) Draw slip gauge accessories (any two) and describe the use of it.
(b) State and explain with neat sketch Taylor's principle of gauge design.
(c) A shaft of $30 \pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ is to be checked by meance of GO and NOGO gauge. Design the dimensions of a gauge required.
(d) An angle of $39^{\circ} 6^{\prime} 9^{\prime \prime}$ is to be developed using standard angle gauge set of [ $\left.1^{\circ}, 3^{\circ}, 9^{\circ}, 27^{\circ}, 41^{\circ}\right]\left[1^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 9^{\prime}, 27^{\prime}\right]\left[3^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}, 18^{\prime \prime}, 30^{\prime \prime}\right]$ and one square block. Select minimum gauges required and show the arrangement with neat sketch.
(e) In measurement of surface roughness height of 10 successive peak and troughs were measured from a datum and were $29,20,30,19,25,27,33$ and 22 microns. If these measurement were obtained on 10 mm length. Determine CLA and RMS values of surface roughness.
5. Attempt any TWO :
(a) Describe with neat sketch measurement of effective diameter of screw thread by using two wire method.
(b) Describe the procedure of measurement of tooth thickness using 'Base Tangent Method' with neat sketch.
(c) Draw the following alignment test of Lathe Machine :
(i) Parallelism of tail stock
(ii) True running of lathe main spindle
6. Attempt any TWO :
(a) The angle of taper plug gauge is to be checked using sine centre and slip gauges. Sketch the set-up and describe the procedure.
(b) Suggest the instrument, which is used to measure the adjacent angle. Explain its principle.
(c) Explain procedure to determine, whether the given surface is concave or convex by using optical flat and monochromatic light.
