

17321

11920

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
  - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
  - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
  - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Marks**

1. (A) Attempt any SIX of the following :

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- (a) State any two trivalent and pentavalent impurities each.
- (b) Draw the symbol of (i) PN Junction diode (ii) Zener diode
- (c) State the application of LED & photodiode.
- (d) State the need of filter circuit and state its types.
- (e) Define the following with respect to rectifier :
  - (i) Ripple factor
  - (ii) TUF
- (f) Draw symbol of UJT & Transistor.
- (g) Define  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  for transistor.
- (h) Define operating point of transistor.

(B) Attempt any TWO of the following :

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- (a) Draw and explain V-I characteristics of PN junction transistor.
- (b) Compare Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifier (Four points)
- (c) Draw circuit diagram of transistor as a switch and describe its working.

**2. Attempt any FOUR of the following :****16**

- (a) State and explain any four specifications of diode.
- (b) Draw circuit diagram of Bridge type rectifier and describe its working with input/output waveform.
- (c) State the need for biasing and explain fixed bias circuit.
- (d) Draw the characteristics of Zener diode in forward & reverse bias. Explain reverse bias characteristics.
- (e) Draw the circuit diagram of single stage CE amplifier and state the function of each component.
- (f) Draw Transformer coupled cascaded amplifier and explain its operation. State its application.

**3. Attempt any FOUR of the following :****16**

- (a) Draw construction and explain the operating principle of UJT.
- (b) Describe the working of transistor as amplifier (CE amplifier) with graphical representation.
- (c) State the need of cascading of amplifier. Draw RC coupled cascaded amplifier.
- (d) Draw block diagram of DC regulated power supply and explain the function of each block.
- (e) Compare BJT and FET (Four points).
- (f) Draw circuit diagram of Hartley oscillator and explain its working. States the formula for frequency.

**4. Attempt any FOUR of the following :****16**

- (a) Compare positive and negative feedback. (Four points)
- (b) Draw circuit diagram of transistorized series voltage regulator and describe its working.
- (c) Define Power amplifier. State its types. How are they classified ?
- (d) (i) State the need of Heat sink in power amplifier.  
(ii) Describe the concept of cross over distortion.
- (e) Describe the working of Zener diode as voltage regulator and explain its working.
- (f) Define oscillator. Draw block diagram of oscillator and explain its working.

**5. Attempt any FOUR of the following :****16**

- (a) Draw functional pin diagram of IC  $78 \times X$  and state the function of each pin.  
Draw +5V regulator using 7805 IC.
- (b) (i) Define regulator. State its need.  
(ii) Draw neat labelled diagram of RC oscillator.
- (c) (i) Explain Barkhausen's criterion.  
(ii) Draw neat labelled diagram of crystal oscillator.
- (d) Compare CE, CB and CC configuration. (Four Points)
- (e) Draw and explain the input characteristics of CE configuration.
- (f) Draw circuit diagram of class AB power amplifier and describe its working.

**6. Attempt any FOUR of the following :****16**

- (a) Draw and explain the block diagram of Microprocessor.
- (b) What are Universal Gates ? Implement OR gates using NAND only.

**P.T.O.**

- (c) Draw symbol, Truth table and state its logic expression for the following gates :
- (i) AND gate
  - (ii) OR gate
- (d) Explain the construction and working principle of N-channel FET.
- (e) Draw and explain the output characteristics of JFET.
- (f) (i) What is MOSFET ? State its types.
- (ii) State applications of FET and MOSFET.
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