11819 3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

Instructions:

- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. (A) Attempt any THREE:

12

- (a) Enlist any two functions of bearings. State and explain the types of bearings.
- (b) State the advantages and applications of dielectric heating.
- (c) Define:
 - (i) Luminous intensity
 - (ii) Illumination
 - (iii) Space to height ratio
 - (iv) Luminous efficiency
- (d) Enlist any four disadvantages of low power factor.

(B) Attempt any ONE:

6

- (a) With the help of neat figure, describe the regenerative braking for D.C. shunt motor.
- (b) With the help of neat figure, explain ultrasonic welding. State its applications.

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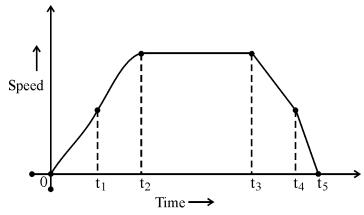
2. Attempt any FOUR:

- What is group drive? State its four disadvantages.
- (b) What are the requirements to heating elements materials? Enlist four names of hearing material.
- Refer the Fig. below, which is a speed time curve of a train and answer the (c) questions:
 - The curve is of which type of train service. (i)
 - Give the names of following time periods: (ii)

$$(1) \quad 0 - t_1$$

$$(2) t_2 - t_3$$

(2)
$$t_2 - t_3$$
 (3) $t_4 - t_5$



- (d) State and explain in short any four desirable characteristics of traction motors.
- Draw the diagram of AC electric locomotive and explain the function of each (e) part.

3. Attempt any TWO:

16

16

- A certain motor has to perform the following duty cycle: (a)
 - (i) 100 kW for 10 min
 - 50 kW for 8 min (ii)
 - (iii) No load for 10 min
 - (iv) 150 kW for 5 min

The above duty cycle is repeated continuously. Assuming heating is proportional to square of the current, calculate the suitable size of a motor fitting the above requirement in HP.

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- (b) Explain with neat sketch the construction, working principle and two applications of "Ajax Wyatt" vertical care furnace.
- (c) With proper justification suggest suitable enclosures to be used for electric drives in following locations of industries.
 - (i) Chemical plant (non-explosive)
 - (ii) General industrial installation (non-explosive)
 - (iii) Mines or others hazardous locations
 - (iv) General outdoor installation.

4. (A) Attempt any THREE:

12

- (a) State any four requirements of good welding.
- (b) State and explain the law of inverse squares in illumination.
- (c) Compare two part tariff and three part tariff.
- (d) What are advantages of power factor improvement? (any four)

(B) Attempt any ONE:

6

- (a) What is resistance welding? Write its principle of operation, applications (any two) and write its classification also.
- (b) An industrial unit has maximum demand of 250 kW with a load factor of 0.6. The following tariffs are offered:
 - (i) Two part tariff ₹ 70/kW of MD/year + 4 paisa/kWh.
 - (ii) A flat rate tariff of 10 paisa/kWh.

Which tariff is cheaper?

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5. Attempt any FOUR:

16

- (a) With the help of neat sketch, explain construction and working principle of sodium vapour lamp.
- (b) State any four safety features to be observed in welding work.
- (c) How speed control of traction motor is done using shunt transition method.
- (d) Define schedule speed and state any four factors affecting schedule speed.
- (e) Why DC series motor is preferred for traction applications? Justify your answer with characteristics.

6. Attempt any TWO:

16

- (a) Enlist any four electrical equipments and their functions, which are used in arc furnaces.
- (b) A trapezoidal time curve of a train consists of
 - (i) uniform acceleration of 6 kmphps for 25 sec.
 - (ii) Free running for 10 min
 - (iii) Uniform deacceleration of 6 kmphps for stopping the train.
 - (iv) Stop time of 5 min.

Find the distance between the stations, average speed and schedule speed.

(c) An industrial unit consumes 250 kW at 110 V from a 3 phase supply and pf of 0.80 lagging. A synchronous motor is installed which takes an additional 120 kW. What must be the kVA rating of this motor to raise the pf of the system to 0.9 lagging?