22311

11819

3 Hours / 70 Marks Seat No.

- Instructions (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
 - (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.
 - (7) Use of Steam tables, logarithmic, Mollier's chart is permitted.

Marks

1. Attempt any <u>FIVE</u> of the following:

10

- a) Name the salts which causes the temporary and permanent hardness in water.
- b) Define enthalpy of saturated steam.
- c) Give the uses of compressed air (any four)
- d) Define ton of refrigeration.
- e) Give any four properties of "R-22".
- f) Define wet bulb and dry bulb temperature.
- g) Define:
 - (i) absolute humidity
 - (ii) relative humidity

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| 2. | | Attempt any THREE of the following: | 12 |
| | a) | Give the reactions that take place with hard water in Hot lime soda process. (any four) | |
| | b) | Sketch and explain the working of water level indicator. | |
| | c) | Explain the process of getting compressed air using flow sheet. | |
| | d) | Explain the working of induced draft cooling tower with neat sketch. | |
| 3. | | Attempt any THREE of the following: | 12 |
| | a) | Explain the following and give methods to prevent it. | |
| | | (i) Priming and foaming | |
| | | (ii) Caustic embrittlement | |
| | b) | Explain zeolite method for water treatment with neat sketch. | |
| | c) | Sketch and explain the working of thermic fluid heater. | |
| | d) | Explain duties of inspector for Boiler. (any four) | |
| 4. | | Attempt any THREE of the following: | 12 |
| | a) | Explain ion exchange process for hard water treatment. | |
| | b) | Draw a neat labelled diagram of Bab Cock and Wilcox boiles. State its advantages. | |
| | c) | Give the use of the following: | |
| | | (i) Steam trap | |
| | | (ii) Economizer | |
| | | (iii) Pressure reducing valve | |
| | | (iv) Preheater | |
| | d) | Explain the working of air compressor | |
| | e) | Distinguish between compressed air, process air and instrumental air. Give the advantages of multistage compression (any two) | |

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| 5. | Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following: | 12 |
| 8 | a) Explain vapour absorption refrigeration cycle. | |
| ł | Give the classification of refrigerants. List the selection criteria for refrigerants. (any four) | |
| C | e) A barometer reads 750 mm of Hg. The dry bulb temperature is 33°C and wet bulb temperature is 23°C determine: | |
| | (i) Relative humidity | |
| | (ii) Dew point temperature | |
| 6. | Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following: | 12 |
| 8 | Define coefficient of performance (COP). A refrigeration system is operated between 40°C and – 15°C. The capacity of machine is 10 tonnes. Calculate COP. | |
| ł | Explain construction and working of hot lime soda process with neat sketch. | |
| C | e) Explain Indian Boiler Act regarding following points: | |
| | (i) Boiler registration | |
| | (ii) Renewal of certificate | |
| | (iii) Transfer of Boiler | |
| | (iv) Penalty | |
| | (v) Boiler repair and maintenance | |
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