## 22206

## 23124

## 3 Hours / 70 Marks Seat No. <br> $\square$

Instructions - (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
(2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
(3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
(5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
(6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
(7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

## Marks

1. Solve any FIVE of the following:
a) If $f(x)=x^{2}+7 x+10$ find $f(0)+f(2)$
b) State whether the function $f(x)=\frac{2^{x}+2^{-x}}{2}$ is odd or even.
c) Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ if $y=x^{10}+10^{x}+\mathrm{e}^{x}+10^{10}$
d) Evaluate : $\int\left(x^{\mathrm{a}}+\mathrm{a}^{x}+\mathrm{e}^{x}+\mathrm{a}^{\mathrm{e}}\right) d x$
e) Evaluate $: \int \log x d x$
f) Find the area under the curve $y=x^{2}$, from $x=0$ to $x=3$ with X -axis.
g) An unbiased coin is tossed 5 times. Find the probability of getting two tails.
2. Solve any THREE of the following:
a) If $x^{2}+y^{2}=x y$ then find $\frac{d y}{d x}$.
b) If $x=\mathrm{a}(\cos \mathrm{t}+\mathrm{t} \sin \mathrm{t})$ and $x=\mathrm{a}(\sin \mathrm{t}-\mathrm{t} \operatorname{cost})$ then find $\frac{d y}{d x}$.
c) Find the radius of curvature for the curve $y=2 \sin x-\sin 2 x$ at $x=\frac{\pi}{2}$.
d) A manufacturer can sell $x$ items at price of rupees $(330-x)$ each. The cost of producing $x$ items in rupees is $x^{2}+10 x+12$. How many items must be sold so that his profit is maximum?
3. Solve any THREE of the following:
a) Find the equation of tangent and normal to the curve

$$
y=\frac{6}{x} \text { at }(2,8)
$$

b) Differentiate $(\tan x)^{x}$ w.r.t $x$.
c) If $y=\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{2 x}{1+x^{2}}\right)$ then find $\frac{d y}{d x}$.
d) Evaluate $\int \frac{\mathrm{e}^{x}(x+1)}{\cos ^{2}\left(x \mathrm{e}^{x}\right)} d x$.
4. Solve any THREE of the following:
a) Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{4-5 \cos x} d x$.
b) Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{13-6 x-\mathrm{x}^{2}}} d x$.
c) Evaluate $\int \cot ^{-1} x \mathrm{~d} x$.
d) Evaluate $\int \frac{\log x}{x(2+\log x)(3+\log x)} d x$.
e) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{a} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a-x}+\sqrt{x}} d x$.
5. Solve any TWO of the following:
a) Find area between the parabola $y^{2}=4 x$ and the straight line $y=2 x+3$.
b) Attempt the following:
i) Form a differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constant if $y=\mathrm{A}^{2 x}+\mathrm{B} \mathrm{e}^{-2 x}$
ii) Solve : $\frac{d y}{d x}=\mathrm{e}^{2 x+y}+x^{2} \mathrm{e}^{y}$
c) A velocity of a particle is given by $v=t^{2}-6 t+7$.

Find the distance covered in 5 seconds.
6. Solve any TWO of the following:
a) Attempt the following:
i) The probability that a student who is freshman will graduate is 0.4 . Determine the probability that out of 5 students no one will be graduate.
ii) If $30 \%$ of the electric bulbs manufactured by company are defective. Find the probability that out of 4 bulbs 1 will be defective.
b) In a certain factory producing cycle's tyres, there is a small chance of 1 in 500 tyres to be defective. The tyres are supplied in lots of 10 . Find the approximate number of lots in a consignment of 10000 lots in which
i) No defective tyre
ii) Two defective tyres
c) In a sample of 1000 cases, the mean of a certain test is 14 and standard deviation is 2.5 . Assuming the distribution to be normal. Find
i) How many students' score between 12 and 15 ?
ii) How many students' score above 18 ?
[Given : $\mathrm{A}(0.8)=0.2881, \mathrm{~A}(0.4)=0.1554, \mathrm{~A}(1.6)=0.4452$.]

