

22212

23124

3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE of the following :

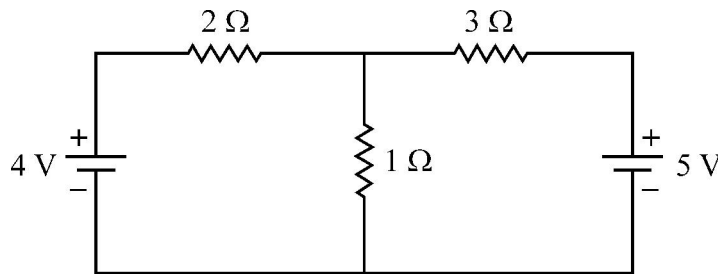
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- (a) Define the term resistance and its unit.
- (b) State the concept of internal voltage drop.
- (c) Define breakdown voltage and dielectric strength of a capacitor.
- (d) An iron ring of mean circumference 80 cm is uniformly wound with 500 turns of wire and carries 0.8A. Find the magnetic field strength.
- (e) Define magnetic flux density. State its unit.
- (f) State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.
- (g) A coil of 500 turns is linked with a flux of 25 mWb, when carries a current of 12.5A. Calculate the value of self-inductance.



2. Attempt any THREE of the following :**12**

- (a) The rating of electric geyser is 250 V, 3 kW. How much current does it take and what is its hot resistance ? Also calculate the energy consumed by it in one hour.
- (b) Find the current through 1Ω resistance of Figure No. 1 using Kirchhoff's laws.

**Fig. No. – 1**

- (c) Plot charging voltage and current curves of capacitor, also write expression for them.
- (d) Distinguish between statically induced emf and dynamically induced emf.

3. Attempt any THREE of the following :**12**

- (a) A device stores 500 J and releases in the form of current of 40 A in the duration of 15 msec. Find the terminal voltage.
- (b) Define electric work and electric power. Give their S.I. units.
- (c) State and explain Ohm's law.
- (d) Derive the expression for energy stored in the capacitor with the help of neat diagram.

4. Attempt any THREE of the following :

12

- (a) Define ideal voltage source and practical voltage source. Draw the symbol for each.
- (b) A resistance of $10\ \Omega$ is connected in parallel with $15\ \Omega$. If current through the combination is $10\ \text{A}$, calculate current through each resistance.
- (c) Calculate the equivalent resistance between points A and D in the Figure No. 2.

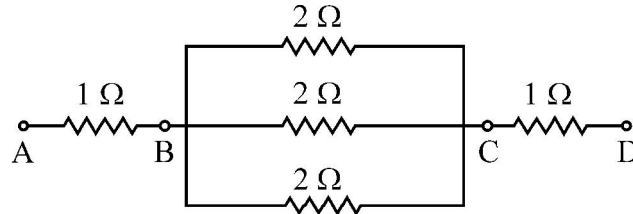


Fig. No. - 2

- (d) Calculate the value of equivalent capacitance of the combination given in Figure No. 3.

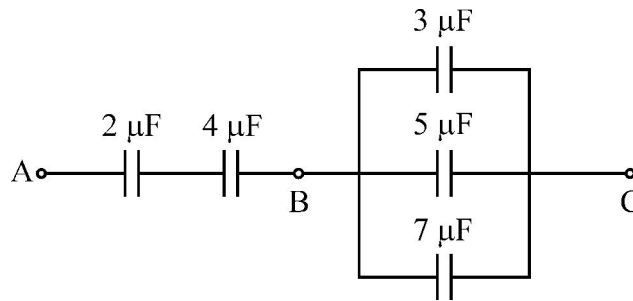


Fig. No. - 3

- (e) List any four types of capacitor and their application.

5. Attempt any TWO of the following :

12

- (a) Compare electric circuit and magnetic circuit on any six points.
- (b) Draw B-H curve for magnetic material and state its nature. State significance of hysteresis loop. Also draw the hysteresis loop for hard steel and soft steel.
- (c) (i) State the various types of inductor.
(ii) Derive the expression for energy stored in magnetic field.

6. Attempt any TWO of the following :**12**

- (a) An iron ring of mean circumference 0.8 m is uniformly wound with 400 turns of wire. It carries 1.6 A and produces a flux density of 1.1 T. Find permeability of the material.
- (b) Define self-inductance and prove that $L = N^2/S$ where N = number of turns, S = reluctance.
- (c) Two coils A of 1000 turns and B of 1200 turns are such that 60% of flux produced by A links with B. A current of 4A in coil A produces a flux of 0.05 wb and in coil B of 0.075 wb. Find
- (i) L_1
 - (ii) L_2
 - (iii) M
 - (iv) K
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